

„Књига о Јову“ Виљема Блејка

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[170]

Илустрације за **Књигу о Јову** Блејк почиње 1825. године по наручбини Џона Линела. Резултат је био израђен 21 цртеж са насловном страницом. О томе С. Фостер Дамон вели: „Тај посао је био његова последња пророчна књига и мада планирана да буде без текста, на ободима отиснутих цртежа нашли су се важни библијски наводи. Настала је у време када је Блејк радио на спеву **Јерусалим**, његовој најнејаснијој књизи; илустрације су, пак, његов најлуциднији рад и врхунски су пример читања Библије у духовном смислу.“ Тај коментар само назначује разлоге и захвате Блејнове последње целовите надахнуте ликовне авантуре. Једна од најособенијих књига Старог завета је текст динамичне приповести што оспорава веровање да су материјалне пропasti назна за грехе. Јов, један од најчаснијих правоверника међу људима Истока, постаје образац жртвованог. Уз Божје одobreње, Сатана искушава Јова највећим несрћама и муњама. Кроз четрдесет две главе текста значења и слојеви невиности преданости, земаљског постојања и дијалог са свештишњим пружени су исцрпним описима и упитницима. Блејнова најраније интересовање за тему налази се у једном цртежу (око 1785) на коме је представио Јова који исказује своју недујност. Исте године, у завршном цртежу за **Врата Раја**, цитира: „Црвима ти си мати моја, ти си сестра моја“ (17:14). Веровао је да је повест о Јову једнака **Изгубљеном Рају**, тврдећи да је Милтон криво тумачио свог Месију као Сатану из **Књиге о Јову**. Мит о великом старозаветном мученику јесте покретач разноврсних религиозних и културолошких истраживања. Антрополог Рене Нирар тумачи ту својеврсну „књигу жртвовања“ не само као најаву јеванђеоских порука, већ и анализу механизма насиља над оптуженим појединцем. Постепена открића Блејновог Јова су сазнања на смртном путу што се указују из простора несвесног. То се одвија у тренуцима мистичне екстазе (у тринаестом цртежу, тј. у 38—39. глави) када се Бог појављује у вихору:

Можеш ли извести јужне звијезде на
вријеме
или кола са звијездама њиховијем
хочеш ли водити?
Знаш ли ред небесни? Можеш ли ти
уређивати владу његову на земљи?
Можеш ли дипнути глас свој до
облака
да би те мноштво воде покрило?
Можеш ли пустити муње да иду,
и да ти реку: ево нас?
Ко је метнуо човјену у срце мудрост?
или ко је дао души разум?

Блејнов Јов види лице Бога аналогно сопственом лицу. „Змија материјализма“ у зачудним Блејновим композицијама пружа се као начело телесних мука и душевних патњи. Слике тога повести противичу у краљевању маште. Тако у четрнаестом и петнаестом цртежу, здружују се Левијатај, чудовиште мора времена и простора, и Бехемот, колосални нилски коњ, илуструјући страхоте стваралачних Божјих сила. Сазвежђа и спиралне форме у та два цртежа су један од најуноснијих Блејнових фигуративних увида у Божје провиђење. Значење леве и десне стране посадује особене заноне за сваку од композиција. Независност стања бића, кроз духовно садејство Јовове повести нераснидива је и са тадашњим Блејновим друштвеним односима. Материјално тело човечанства и новитлац визије и вере готово никде у његовом ликовном стваралаштву није сабрано са толико уобличене јачине. Атмосфера у распону од злонебног приказа „Сатане што посипа Јова чревима“ до лелујаве песме славе и радости „Кад јутарње звијезде запјеваши“ део је симболичних вредности које хришћанско светло чини у односу на Стари завет. Тако и по Дамоновом тумачењу, насловна страна поназује стазу искуства којом Јов мора да прође, симболишући кроз седам божјих очију — седам анђела, духовна стања која се традицијом завршавају у Исусу Христу.

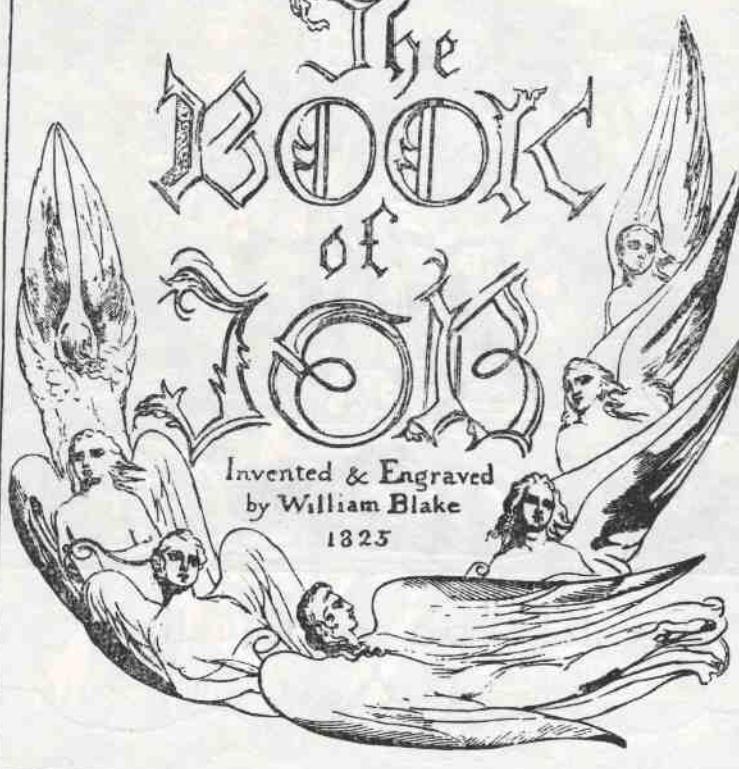
ספר אַיּוֹב

ILLUSTRATIONS of

The
BOOK
of
JOB

Invented & Engraved
by William Blake

1825



London Published as the Act directs March 8:1825 by William Blake N^o3 Fountain Court Strand

Our Father which art in Heaven

hallowed be thy Name

I



Thus did Job continually

There was a Man in the
Land of Uz whose Name
was Job. & that Man
was perfect & upright

The Letter killeth
The Spirit giveth Life

It is Spiritually Discerned

& one that feared God
& eschewed Evil & there
was born unto him Seven
Sons & Three Daughters

W Blake inv & sculp

London. Published as the Act directs. March 8. 1828. by W. Blake N. 1. Fountain Court Strand.

Print

I beheld the Ancient of Days
 Hast thou considered my Servant Job
 The Angel of the Divine Presence Job 7:7-12 772
 We shall awake up I shall see God
 Thou art our Father in thy Likeness



When the Almighty was yet with me When my Children
 were about me

There was a day when the Sons of God came to present themselves before the Lord & Satan came also among them
 to present himself before the Lord

The Fire of God is
And the Lord said unto Satan Behold All that he hath is in thy Power
fallen from Heaven

3



Thy Sons & thy Daughters were eating & drinking Wine in their
eldest Brothers house & behold there came a great wind from the Wilderness
& smote upon the four faces of the house & it fell upon the young Men & they are Dead

W. Blake inv. n. S. sculp.

And there came a Messenger unto Job & said. The Oxen were plowing & the Sabeans came down. & they have slain the Young Men with the Sword

Going to & fro in the Earth

& walking up & down in it



And I only am escaped alone to tell thee.

While he was yet speaking
there came also another & said

The fire of God is fallen from heaven & hath burned up the flocks & the
Young Men & consumed them. & I only am escaped alone to tell thee

Did I not weep for him who was in trouble? Was not my Soul afflicted for the Poor?
Behold he is in thy hand; but save his life.



WILLIAM BLAKE. ENGRAVER & SCULPTOR.

Then went Satan forth from the presence of the Lord

And it grieved him at his heart

Who maketh his Angels Spirits, & his Ministers a Flaming Fire

Naked came I out of my
The Lord gave & the Lord hath taken away. Blessed be the Name of the Lord
^{mothers womb & Naked shall I return thither}



And smote Job with sore Boils
from the sole of his foot to the crown of his head

W Blake inv & sc

What! shall we receive Good
at the hand of God & shall we not also
receive Evil



And when they lifted up their eyes afar off & knew him not
they lifted up their voice & wept. & they rent every Man his
mantle & sprinkled dust upon their heads towards heaven

Ye have heard of the Patience of Job and have seen the end of the Lord.

W. Blake invcn & sculpt.

London. Published as the Act directs March 8. 1825 by William Blake N^o 3 Fountain Court Strand

Proof

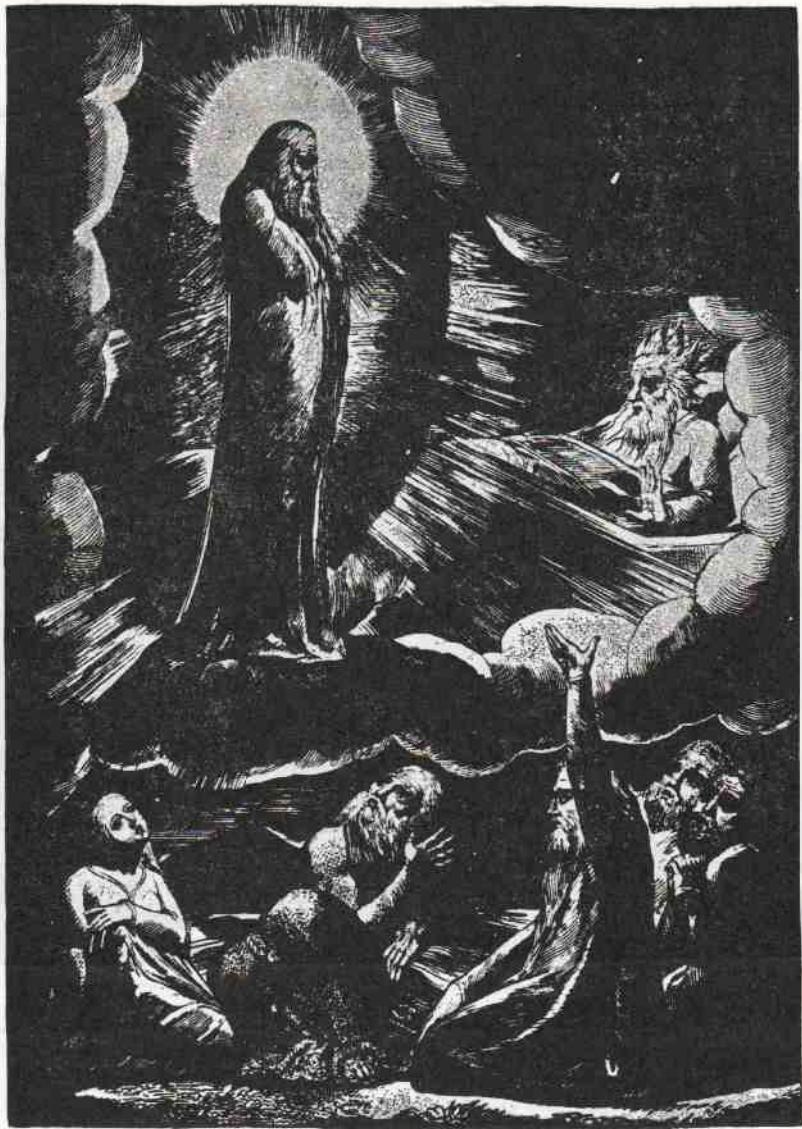
Lo let that night be solitary
& let no joyful voice come therem.



Let the Day perish wherein I was Born

And they sat down with him upon the ground seven days & seven
nights & none spake a word unto him for they saw that his grief
was very great

Shall mortal Man be more just than God?
Shall a Man be more Pure than his Maker? Behold he putteth no trust in his Saints & his Angels he chargeth with folly



Then a Spirit passed before my face
the hair of my flesh stood up

But he knoweth the way that I take
when he hath tried me I shall come forth like gold

Have pity upon me! Have pity upon me! O ye my friends
for the hand of God hath touched me

Though he slay me yet will I trust in him



The Just Upright Man is laughed to scorn

Man that is born of a Woman is of few days & full of trouble
he cometh up like a flower & is cut down. he fleeth also as a shadow
& continueth not. And dost thou open thine eyes upon such a one
& bringest me into judgment with thee

My bones are pierced in me in the
night season & my sinews
take no rest

The triumphing of the wicked
is short, the joy of the hypocrite is
but for a moment

My skin is black upon me
& my bones are burned
with heat

Satan himself is transformed into an Angel of Light & his Ministers into Ministers of Righteousness

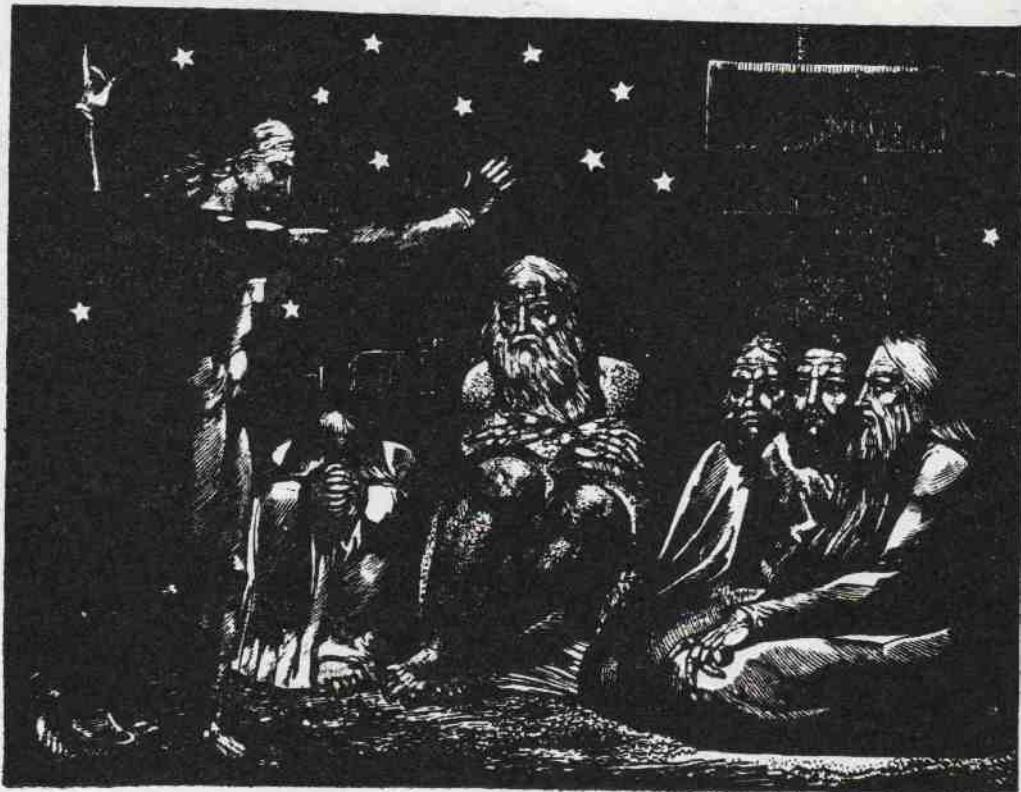
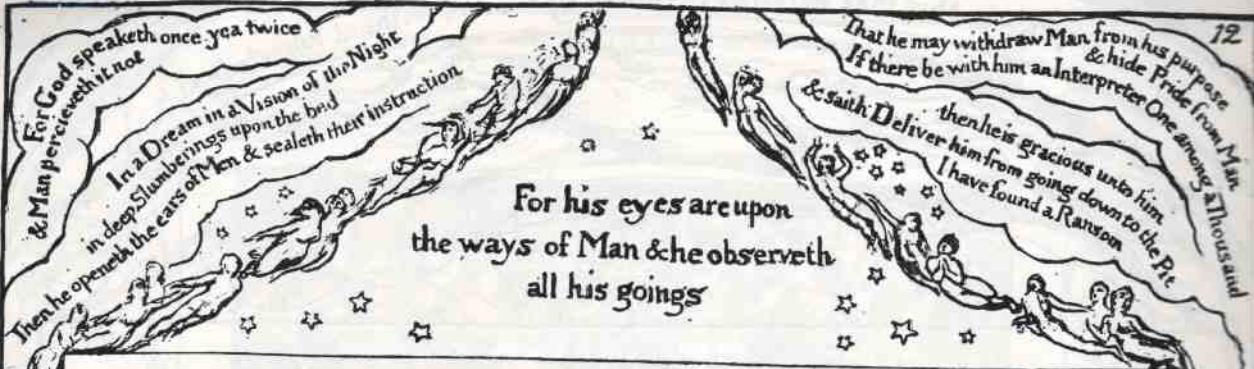


With Dreams upon my bed thou scarest me & affrightest me
with Visions

Why do you persecute me as God & are not satisfied with my flesh. Oh that my words
were printed in a Book that they were graven with an iron pen & lead in the rock for ever

For I know that my Redeemer liveth & that he shall stand in the latter days upon
the Earth & after my skin destroy thou This body yet in my flesh shall see God
whom I shall see for Myself and mine eyes shall behold & not Another. the consumed be my wrought Image

Who opposeth & exalteth himself above all that is called God or is worshipped
W Blake invent & sculp



I am Young & ye are very Old wherefore I was afraid

To all these things worketh God oftentimes with Man to bring
back his Soul from the pit to be enlightened
with the light of the living

Look upon the heavens & behold the clouds
which are higher
than thou

If thou sinnest what
doest thou against him. or if thou be
righteous what givest thou unto him.

W Blake inventit & sculpt.

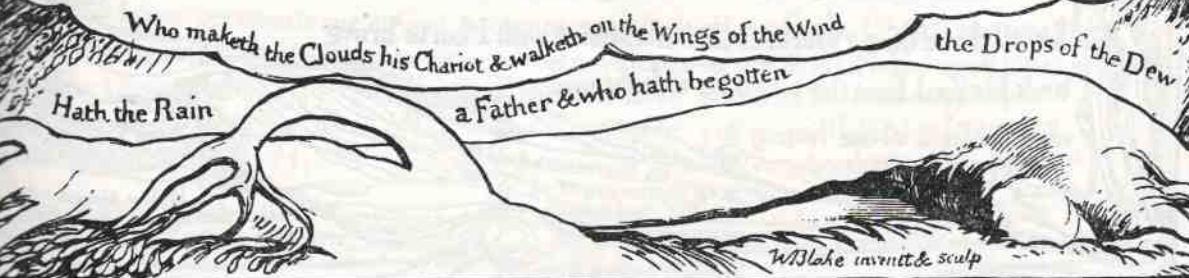
London. Published as the Act directs March 8:1825 by Will Blakes N^o 3 Fountain Court Strand

Proof

Who is this that darkeneth counsel by words without knowledge

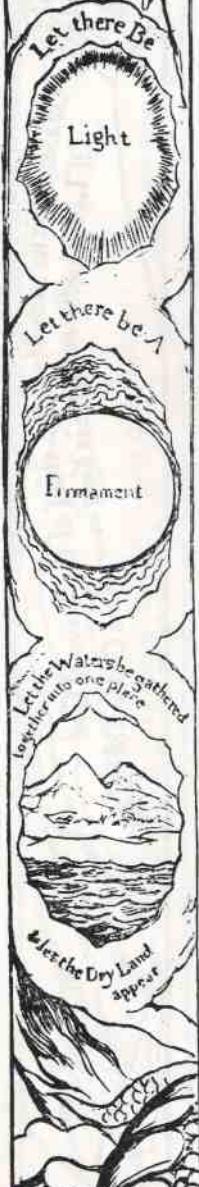


Then the Lord answered Job out of the Whirlwind



Canst thou bind the sweet influences of Pleiades or loose the bands of Orion

14



When the morning Stars sang together, & all the
Sons of God shouted for joy

W Blake Invit & Sc

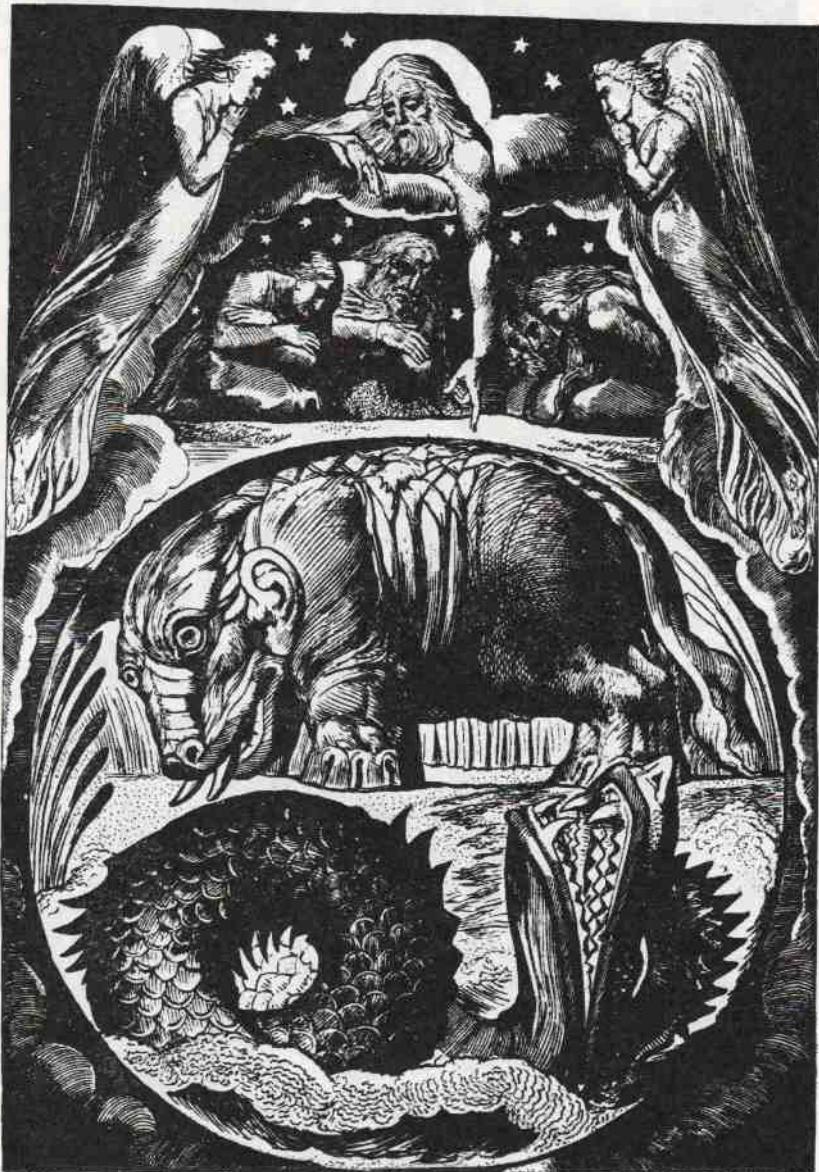
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Can any understand the spreadings of the Clouds
the noise of his Tabernacle

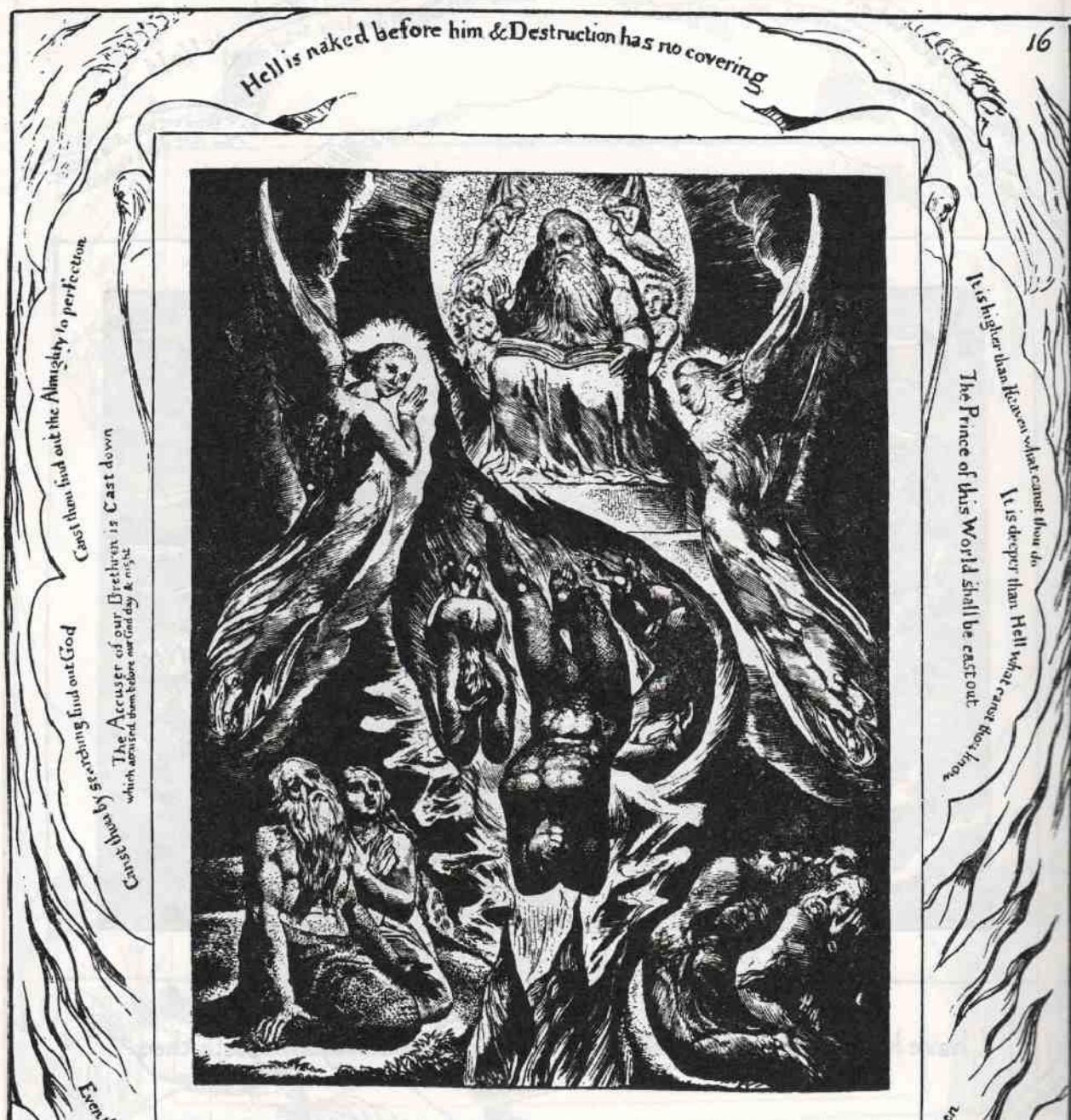
Also by watering he wearieth the thick cloud
He scattered the bright cloud also it is turned about by his counsels

Of Behemoth he saith He is the chief of the ways of God
Of Leviathan he saith He is King over all the Children of Pride



Behold now Behemoth which I made with thee

W Blake invent & sculpt.



Hell is naked before him & Destruction has no covering

16

Cast them forth out the Almighty to perfection

Cast them by searching find out God
The Accuser of our Brethren is Cast down
which accusid them before me end day & night

Even the Devils are Subject to Us thru thy Name

Thou hast fulfilled the Judgment of the Wicked

I saw Satan as lightning fall from Heaven
God hath chosen the foolish things of the World to confound the wise
And God hath chosen the weak things of the World to confound the things that are mighty

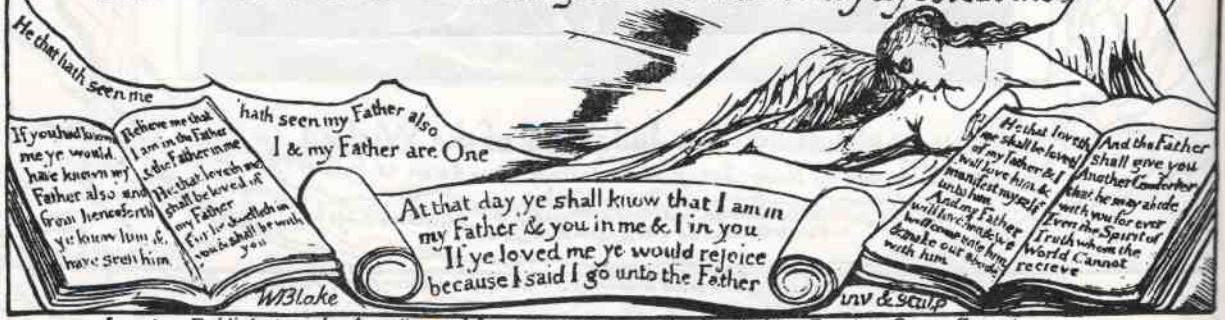
W Blake inv & Sculpt

London. Published + + + Act directs March 8:1825 by J. and C. C. Cirencester Place Fitzroy Square

He bringeth down to the Grave & bringeth up 17
 When I behold the Heavens the work of thy hands the Moon & Stars which thou hast ordained. then I say What is Man that thou visitest him
 we know that when he shall appear we shall be like him for we shall see him as He is
 & the Son of Man that thou art mindful of him?



I have heard thee with the hearing of the Ear but now my Eye seeth thee



If you had known me ye would have known my Father also and from henceforth ye know him & have seen him.

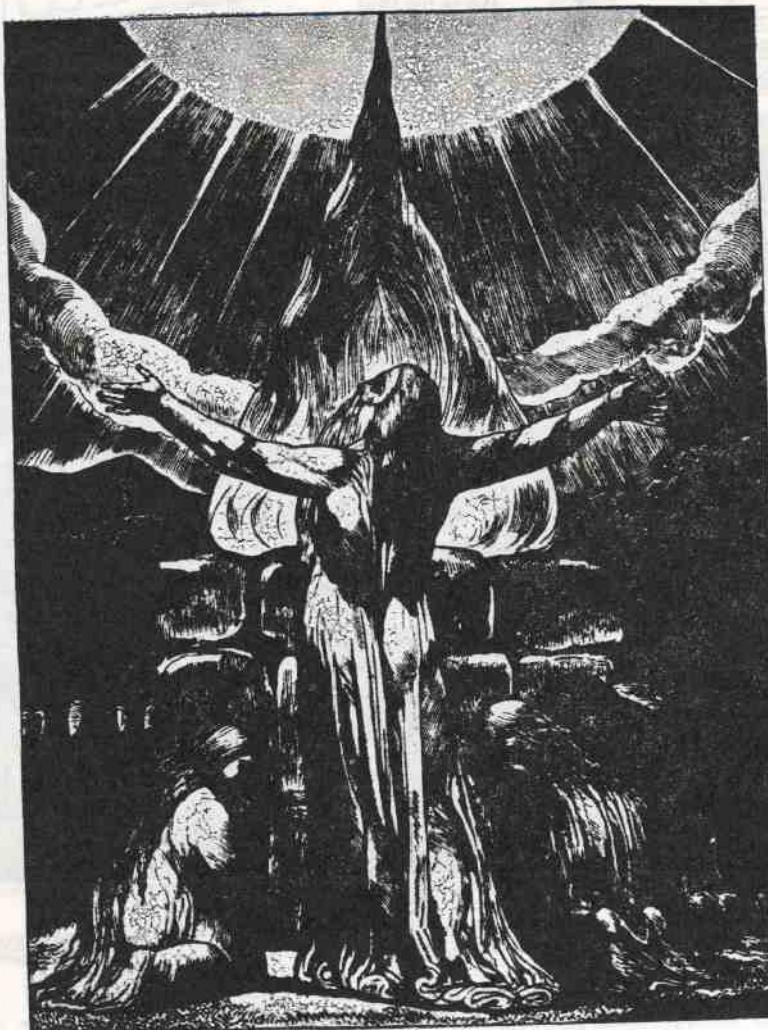
Believe me that I am in the Father & the Father in me & that he that loveth me shall be beloved of my Father For he that hateth me hateth my Father.

'I have seen my Father also I & my Father are One'

At that day ye shall know that I am in my Father & you in me & I in you If ye loved me ye would rejoice because I said I go unto the Father

He that loveth me shall give you another Comforter that he may abide with you for ever even the Spirit of Truth whom the world cannot receive

Also the Lord accepted Job

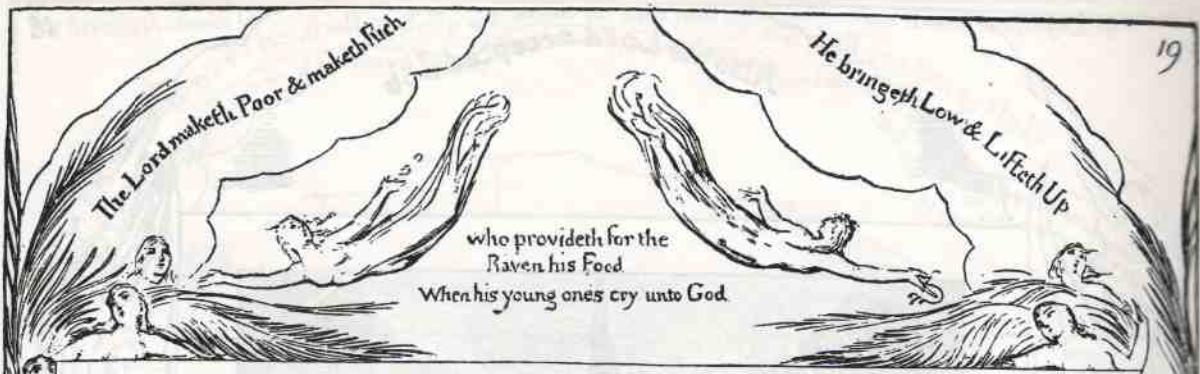


And my Servant Job shall pray for you

And the Lord turned the captivity of Job when he prayed for his Friends

They may be
the children of
the Devil, but
I have often
seen them do
good to others.
I have often
seen them do
good to others.
I have often
seen them do
good to others.
I have often
seen them do
good to others.

W/Blake inv &
sculpt



Every one also gave him a piece of Money

Who remembered us in our low estate
For his Mercy endureth for ever

W/Blake inv & sculpt

London. Published as the Act directs Mar 6 1825 by William Blake A 3 Fountain Court Strand.

Proof

How precious are thy thoughts
unto me O' God
how great is the sum of them.



These were not found Women fair as the Daughters of Job
in all the Land & their Father gave them Inheritance
among their Brethren

If I ascend up into Heaven thou art there
If I make my bed in Hell behold Thou
art there

W Blake invicte N S C

Great & Marvellous are thy Works
Lord God Almighty

Just & True are thy Ways
O thou King of Saints



So the Lord blessed the latter end of Job
more than the beginning

After this Job lived
an hundred & forty years
& saw his Sons & his
Sons Sons

even four Generations
So Job died
being old
& full of days



W/Blake inv & sculpt

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